# Organizational Constitution: Membership, General Assembly, and Executive Committee Guidelines in Nepal

# 1: Classification of Membership:

The organization shall have the following four types of members:

# a) General Member:

Any individual meeting the qualifications set out the statute can apply through the prescribed process and obtain membership of the organization as a general member.

## b) Founding Member:

The officials and members present at the time of the organization's registration shall be the founding members.

## c) Lifetime Member:

Individuals who provide special support to the development of the organization will be granted lifetime membership through a defined process.

## d) Honorary Member:

The organization may grant honorary membership to distinguished social workers and reputable Nepali citizens it deems suitable. However, honorary members will not have voting rights.

## 2. Required Qualifications for Membership:

To become a member of the organization, a person must meet the following qualifications:

- a) Must be a Nepali citizen;
- b) Must be over 18 years of age;
- c) Must be a literary creator or someone interested in the progress and upliftment of society;
- d) Must be mentally sound;
- e) Must not have been convicted and punished for any criminal offense involving moral turpitude or corruption.

## 3. Disqualification for Membership or Continuation:

The following individuals are not eligible to become or remain members of the organization:

- a) Non-Nepali citizens;
- b) Persons under 18 years of age;
- c) Bankrupt individuals;
- d) Mentally unstable or insane persons;
- e) Individuals convicted within the past year for theft, fraud, forgery, misappropriation of entrusted funds or corruption;
- f) Persons with personal interest in the organization's business;
- g) Persons with unpaid membership dues.

# 4. Termination of Membership:

A person will cease to be a member under the following circumstances:

- a) If they become ineligible as per Article 3 (Disqualification for Membership or Continuation)
- b) If two-thirds majority of the General Assembly passes a resolution for removal;
- c) If a member's resignation is accepted or they die;
- d) If found guilty of dishonesty or malicious conduct by a court;
- e) If the member commits any act prohibited by the statute.

Before disqualification, the organization must notify the individual and provide an opportunity to present a defense.

# 5. Membership Fees and Process:

#### 1. General Member:

- a. a) Entry fee of Rs. 500. Application must be submitted in writing to the Executive Committee and approved.
- b. b) Annual renewal fee of Rs. 100 must be paid.
- c. c) Renewal must be completed by the end of Ashadh each year. Late renewal may be done by paying an additional fee.

## 2. Founding Member:

- a) Office bearers of the ad hoc committee at the time of registration shall be founding members.
- b. b) They must pay a lump sum of Rs. 1,000 within two months of the organization's registration.

## 3. Lifetime Member:

a. By paying Rs. 5,000 as a lump sum and applying as per the prescribed process, an individual may be granted lifetime membership by the Executive Committee.

# 4. Honorary Member:

- Honorary membership may be granted by the Executive Committee without any fee. Honorary members cannot participate in elections or have voting rights.
- 5. If membership is denied, the applicant will be informed with reasons.
- 6. All members must adhere to the statute and associated rules and regulations.
- 7. Separate membership record books shall be maintained for each membership type.

# 6. Formation of the General Assembly:

- 1. The General Assembly will comprise all members except honorary members. Honorary members may be invited guests. The General Assembly is the supreme body of the organization.
- 2. The General Assembly shall be of the following types:
  - a. a) **Annual General Assembly:** Held once a year.
  - b. b) **Special General Assembly:** If one-fourth of the total members request a special assembly with reasons, the Executive Committee must call the meeting within 7 days. However, no special meeting can be held within six months of the last one.
- 3. The first Annual General Assembly shall be held within two months of the organization's establishment. Thereafter, it shall be held within two months of the end of each fiscal year.
- 4. Notice of Annual General Assembly must be given at least 15 days in advance, and notice of a Special Assembly at least 7 days in advance.
- 5. If a quorum as per Article 18 is not met, another assembly must be called within 7 days.
- 6. Separate minute books will be maintained for annual and special assemblies.

## 7. Duties and Powers of the General Assembly:

- a) Approve plans, programs, and annual budget presented by the Executive Committee.
- b) Discuss and approve the annual audit report, and direct the Executive Committee to recover unaccounted funds.
- c) Appoint the auditor for the upcoming year and set their remuneration.
- d) Evaluate annual progress and give necessary direction to the Executive Committee.
- e) Elect new office bearers when current terms expire.
- f) Approve amendments to statutes and rules presented by the Executive Committee.
- g) Grant honorary membership.
- h) Approve actions beneficial to the organization proposed by the Executive Committee.
- i) Approve organizational staff structure, salaries, and allowances as needed from internal resources.

#### 8. Formation of the Executive Committee:

1. The Executive Committee will consist of the following 7 elected members:

a.

i. President – 1 person

b.

i. Vice-President – 1 person

C.

i. Secretary – 1 person

d.

i. Treasurer – 1 person

e.

i. Members – 3 persons

Total: 7 members

- 2. The term of the Executive Committee will be 2 years.
- 3. If a member's position becomes vacant before the Annual General Assembly, the committee may appoint someone to serve the remainder of the term.

- 4. The President will call meetings as needed. If 25% of the members request a meeting, the President must call one.
- 5. A quorum of at least 51% of members is required for meetings.
- 6. The President chairs the meeting. In their absence, the Vice-President will chair.
- 7. Decisions are based on majority vote; in case of a tie, the President casts the deciding vote.
- 8. Meeting minutes must be recorded and signed by at least 51% of attendees.
- 9. If all members agree in writing, decisions can be made without a meeting and attached to the minute book.
- 10. All decisions of the organization must be made by the Executive Committee.
- 11. The Executive Committee may form advisory committees, legal advisors, and subcommittees as needed. These must be approved by the General Assembly.

#### 9. Duties and Powers of the Executive Committee:

- a) Prepare and present the next year's plan and budget to the General Assembly.
- b) Implement programs in line with the statute and approved budget.
- c) Operate programs that benefit the organization.
- d) Remain accountable to the General Assembly.
- e) Use available resources efficiently to achieve organizational objectives.
- f) Create action plans, raise funds, implement, supervise, and monitor.
- g) Securely manage organizational funds and assets; open and operate bank accounts.
- h) Draft and enforce staff regulations regarding service conditions and benefits.
- i) Form advisory committees or sub-committees as needed and delegate responsibilities.
- j) Provide leadership to the organization.

## 10. Resignation from Positions:

The President can resign through the Vice-President to the Executive Committee. The Vice-President or other office bearers can resign through the President.

#### 11. Other Committees:

- a) The Executive Committee may form other committees or sub-committees as needed to operate the organization within the statute's scope. These must be approved by the General Assembly.
- b) Sub-committees will carry out the duties assigned to them by the committee.